

JANUARY 1996

IMPORT HEALTH REQUIREMENTS OF KOREA FOR
SWINE EXPORTED FROM THE UNITED STATES

The animals must be accompanied by a U.S. Origin Health Certificate issued by a veterinarian authorized by the U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA) and endorsed by a Veterinary Services (VS) veterinarian. The certificate must contain the name and address of the consignor and the consignee and complete identification of the animals to be exported. Additional information must include:

CERTIFICATION STATEMENTS

1. The United States is declared to be free of foot-and-mouth disease, contagious bovine pleuropneumonia, lumpy skin disease, hog cholera, African swine fever, swine vesicular disease, rinderpest, sheep pox, and Teschen disease. No vaccination is practiced against these diseases in the United States.
2. The animals for export have not been vaccinated for Aujeszky's disease.
3. The animals originated from premises where transmissible gastroenteritis (TGE), porcine brucellosis, anthrax, vesicular stomatitis, Aujeszky's disease, atrophic rhinitis, and trichinosis have not occurred during the last 12 months prior to export.
4. The animals for export are free from clinical evidence of enzootic pneumonia, leptospirosis, TGE, and other infectious and communicable diseases.
5. The animals have been in a USDA-approved export isolation facility at ____
____Name of the facility____ for at least 30 days from ____date____ to ____date____
. The animals were inspected during isolation and have been found to be healthy and free from evidence of communicable disease.
6. After due inquiry, I am satisfied that the animals to be exported have not been fed garbage at any time.
7. The animals will be transported to the port of embarkation in cleaned and disinfected vehicles.
8. During the 8 weeks immediately preceding the date of exportation, there has been no unusual number of abortions or premature farrowing in sows or gilts on the farm of origin; there has been no weakness or deaths in young piglets that could be attributed to a known disease; there has been no case of a positive porcine reproductive and respiratory syndrome (PRRS) confirmation as a result of serological tests.

TEST REQUIREMENTS

FARM ISOLATION. The animals have been isolated on the farm where they were negative to the following test conducted not less than 30 days and not more than 60 days prior to arrival in Korea.

1. Tuberculosis (TB): Intradermal test
2. USDA-approved isolation

The animals were negative to the following tests, during USDA-approved export isolation:

- a. Brucellosis: Standard tube test at 1:50 dilution.
- b. Aujeszky's disease: Serum neutralization (SN) test at 1:8 dilution or ELISA test.
- c. Toxoplasmosis: Indirect hemagglutination test at 1:16 dilution.
- d. PRRS: Indirect immunofluorescent antibody test at the 1:20 dilution.
- e. Vesicular Stomatitis: Complement fixation test at 1:5 dilution or SN test at 1:32 dilution.

OTHER INFORMATION

1. Farm isolation means the swine for Korea are physically separated from all other animals on the premises. Only TB tests can be done in this type of facility.
2. USDA-approved export isolation means that swine for Korea are confined on a premises that has been inspected by a VS inspector and meets all of the requirements as outlined in VS Memorandum 592.105 before any animals are placed in isolation. All testing procedures required for export can be done if swine are in an approved isolation facility for a minimum of 30 days. Swine are to remain in this type of isolation until moved to the port of embarkation.
3. If swine for export to Korea are placed in a USDA-approved export isolation facility before the start of any testing, all test procedures may be carried out while the animals are in this type of facility.

EMBARKATION CERTIFICATION

At the port of embarkation, a VS port veterinarian must attach a "Certificate of Inspection of Export Animals" (VS Form 17-37) to the U.S. Origin Health Certificate. The 17-37 must show:

1. the name and address of the consignor;
2. the name and address of the consignee;
3. the number and species of animals to be shipped; and
4. a statement that the animals have been given a careful veterinary inspection at the port of embarkation and found free from evidence of communicable disease and exposure thereto within 24 hours of exportation.